
Fair in northern; rain in southern. S your eye on a Spring Coat? Here is the newest and the lightest in weight and price. There will be many evenings when

It Will Be

a luxury and many spring days when it will be a necessity, and on your arm it is always an emblem of style-\$12, \$20, \$25. H., S. & M. and Alfred Benjamin & Co. makers. None better. They're

AT THE

WHEN

f committees, on the ground that many of

the States did not have enough delegates to

serve on all of them. He further stated

that, while he was with any party opposed

to the Democrats or Republicans and

would even unite with Emma Goldman or

Herr Most to defeat the common enemy,

he wanted it understood that he was not

The committees on credentials, rules and

order, platform, permanent organization,

working organization, finance and confer-

Platform-J. H. Ferris, Illinois; Milton

Park, Texas; C. S. Bassett, Georgia; Thos. S. East, Indiana; A. L. Mims, Tennessee;

George H. Shibley, New York; Dr. A. J.

Credentials-S. L. Mosier, Missouri; L. B.

Boon, Tennessee; D. M. McAfee, Texas;

W. B. Hurley, Indiana; A. H. Telley, Geor-

St. Louis; A. J. McCook, Nebraska; Geo.

H. Shibley, New York; A. H. Cordon, Ken-

William T. Walker, Georgia; T. C. Ed-

ams, Missouri; A. J. Cook, Nebraska;

George H. Shibley, New York; Dr. C. W.

Biggers, Kentucky; H. C. Keller, Tennes-

ee; A. M. Calvick, Texas; S. M. Holcomb,

ndiana; A. H. Staples, Georgia; J. Tate,

Finance-E. S. Shay, Missouri: A. J.

York; R. S. Cleveland, Tennessee; S. M.

Roach, Texas; Capt. J. H. Allen, Indiana;

Ebenezer Wadleigh, Georgia; I. C. Harlan.

Conference-W. P. Marsh, Kentucky; S.

A. Wright, Missouri; A. J. Cook, Nebras-

ka; George H. Shibley, New York; T. J

Hare, Tennessee; A. M. Colvick, Texas; W.

3. Gill. Indiana; A. H. Talley, Georgia;

Party Organization-D. Balser, Illinois;

. J. Cook, Nebraska; George H. Shibley,

Mrs. Marion Todd, of Michigan, was ap-

After the announcement of the commit-

tees the convention adjourned until to-

merrow at 9 o'clock, in order to give the

Late in the day other delegates arrived

to-morrow morning thirty States will be

represented. It developed to-night, how-

ever, that the national organizations of

only three parties—the People's party, the

Direct Legislation or Referendum League

and the Public Ownership or Union Labor

delegates who have plenary powers. Four

States-Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri and Kan-

authority to speak only for their own

is stated, will be dominated by the People's

which will be recommended by the platform

committee will be practically the same as

the call for the allied party convention was

ganization met to-night and decided to

recommend that the temporary organization

APPROVED BY THE POPE.

Granted Permanent Existence.

ceived from Rome to-day by the Very Rev

John Kasprzicki, provincial of the Resur-

rectionist congregation of priests, that the

Pope and the propaganda have approved

the congregation for permanent existence.

which was founded by several Polish Ro-

was from him that the members of the

congregation in this city received word

The St. Stanislaus Polish Roman Catholic

Church, Noble and Ingraham streets, which

under the management of the late Rev.

Vincent Barzynski became the largest Ro-

the principal parish under the direction

of the Resurrectionist congregation. St.

Mary's College in Kentucky and the college

at Berlin, Canada, are both under the su-

'SOONERS" IN CALIFORNIA.

They Are Reported to Have Rushed

Into the San Jacinto Reservation.

county, has been opened to entry. Only sev-

two weeks. It is understood, however, that

rush on the land from the reservation bor-

land office also had "rushers" at the reser-

vation. The law states that homesteaders

or settlers shall have three moonths in

which to file notice of location after taking

up claims. Those who squatted on the prop-

erty will claim precedence by reason of be-

ing on the ground first. A long contest is

Spanish-American War Service Men.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 2.- The first

annual encampment of service men in the

Statehouse to-day. The opening meeting

was not largely attended. In the absence

dress of welcome was delivered by Govern-

campfire was held at the Statehouse, also

a reunion of the Fifth Illinois Volunteer

Regiment, Gen. James H. Barki y, of

Soldier as a Citizen." The organization of

service men of the Spanish war was be-

Electric Line to Be Built.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., April 2.-Final

this city to Lisbon, a distance of eighteen

Woman Held on Suspicion.

bership in all States of the Union.

Capt. Wilson I. Davenny, To-night

or Yates and the response was made by

anticipated.

ders. Those who registered at the local

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 2.-The San

pervision of the Resurrectionist priests.

concerning the action of the Holy See.

CHICAGO, April 2.-Information was re-

Resurrectionists Recognized

this plan will probably prevail.

effected to-day be made permanent, and

will probably be adopted. The platform

Reform League of St. Louis-will be repre-

Kentucky; A. C. Barton, Illinois

New York; C. M. Walter, Indiana.

ommittees time to report

pointed a member of all committees.

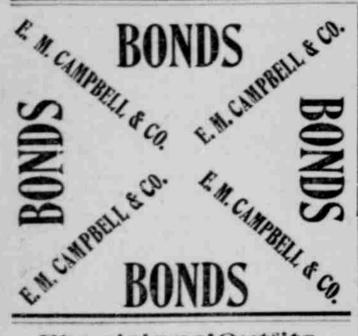
Joseph Hopp, Illinois.

ence were then announced, as follows:

People's party.

gia; S. Walker, Illinois.

wards, Illinois.



\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$

Physicians' Outfits. Emergency Satchels, Medicine Cases, Instru-ment Sets, Operating Gowns and Cushions. Physicians' Pocket Knives, with Spatula, and all other suitable articles. Bath Cabinets.

WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO. SURGICAL INSTRUMENT MAKERS. 224 and 226 S. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind

ALLIED REFORMERS MEET

OPPONENTS OF "PLUTOCRACY" IN CONVENTION AT LOUISVILLE.

They Listen to Speeches, Hear Jo Parker Read the Call, Appoint Committees and Take a Rest.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., april 2.- The movement for the formation of an allied party comprising adherents of all parties opposed to the Republicans and Democrats, or, as the call for the meeting stated, "a union of reform forces against plutocracy," took definite shape this afternoon when a convention attended by about two hundred delegates representing eight States and as many different parties was called to order at Liederkranz Hall in this city. The sestion to-day was of a preliminary nature, a temporary organization being effected and committees appointed to prepare for the permanent organization. The conven-

At the opening to-day the Rev. Senator Bill, of Indiana, offered prayer, after which that adopted in Kansas City last year when Dr. Joseph E. Chambers, of St. Louis, vention had been called and urged that the time had come for action. He stated that the two great parties were watching the proceedings of the meeting with great interest and that a party be formed with a platform broad enough for all to stand on. Not only were the politicians concerned, he said, but the great common people and the financiers of Wall street were greatly interested. He compared the Philadelphia. In conclusion Dr. Chambers urged that all little differences should be thrown aside, and said that while he advocated a platform of few planks, he

wanted every one to be strong enough to The recognition of the Resurrectionists, hold all humanity. Chairman Parker, of the national Populist committee, then read the call for the meeting, after which he read the agree- extends with its missions and educational ment reached by the conference at Kansas City last September when the meeting in this city was provided for. This agreement stated that delegates to be entitled to a seat | Rev. Father Smolikowski, who is head of in the convention must subscribe to the initiative and referendum and the imperative mandate; the public ownership of all public utilities; that the land, including all natural resources, shall not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and allen ownership shall be prohibited; that all lands now held by corporations in excess of natural needs or held by aliens shall be reclaimed and held for actual settlers; in scientific money based upon the wealth of the people of the Nation and not redeemable in any specific commodity, but to be full legal tender for all debts, public or private, to be issued by the government only and without intervention of banks, sufficient in quantity to meet the requirements of commerce; just and natural taxation; the election of the President, Vice President, federal judges and senators by the people; the creation of the Cabinet office of the department of labor and equi-

Col. J. S. Felter, of Springfield, Ill., was Jacinto forest reserve land, in Riverside unanimously elected temporary chairman. Mills Williams, of West Plains, Mo., was chosen temporary secretary and J. V. L. en claimants appeared at the land office Pearson, of New Jersey, assistant tempo- in this city and these had been waiting for rary secretary. When the question of the organization of committees arose Dr. Chambers, of St. Louis, proposed that a nine hours previous to the hour named in committee on conference be appointed con- the proclamation a crowd of men in wagsisting of one member from each State in order to settle any differences that might arise. This caused considerable debate, but the motion prevailed. Col. Milton Park, of San Antonio, Tex., urged strenuous objections to the appointment of a large number

table arbitration; the establishment of pos-

tal savings banks.

A PHYSICIAN HURT

Helped Himself.

When the doctor himself brings on heart disease by the use of coffee it is time for ordinary people to think carefully of the Spanish-American war convened at the effect of that beverage.

The testimony of Dr. O. W. Mathewson, of Brig. Gen. John A. Wiley, Gen. George 2354 Penn. Ave., Des Moines, Ia., is as fol- A. Moulton, of Chicago, presided. An adlows. His letter is rather long and this extract is necessarily condensed.

"I am a physician of 18 years practice. I felt the need of a stimulant and for the first five or six years of my practice used | Springfield, presided. Marcus Kavanagh, strong coffee. Eight or ten years ago I be- of Chicago, delivered an address on "The gan to notice symptoms of heart disease. This seemed to be a regular organic type gun over a year ago and has a large memand year by year became aggravated. Dizziness, faintness and later, inability to walk, at times.

"Physicians could find no marked symptoms of disease but thought there might be a kind that escaped observation. Finally | rights of way have been secured and work I became a confirmed invalid and gave up | will soon begin on an electric railway from

practice. "Several years clapsed with the symp- miles. Heretofore a roundabout trip of toms growing worse. I was considered as seventy miles has been necessary for travmarked for an early grave. It finally be- elers between the two points. It is excame impressed upon me to give up coffee. pected the new road will cost \$700,000, be-This I found easier to do when Postum | cause of the necessity of tunneling nearly Food Coffee was used in its place. I did a mile of the distance, this more to satisfy my friends than with any hope of benefit from such a simple change, especially in such an incurable case as mine. I was debilitated and very weak and about 30 pounds short of my old

"From the first week I noticed a marked | denly taken ill at the Hotel York yesterday change, and within three months I was al- afternoon, was arrested to-day. Jones died most fully restored to my old strength under peculiar circumstances, indicating and health. These facts are known to hun-dreds of my friends and acquaintances." | poisoning. The woman will be held pend-ing the post-mortem examination.

NEW YORK AND TEXAS WIT MATCHED IN A BRIEF DEBATE.

Turned Into a Dissertation on the American Girl.

SENATOR BAILEY LAMPOONED

FOR NOT STANDING BY THE GIRLS

Short Speech by Mr. Depew That Convulsed the Senate and Galleries with Laughter.

WASHINGTON, April 2.-Discussion of the oleomargarine bill in the Senate to-day was enlivened by two or three bright colloquies between senators. Mr. Bailey, of Texas, concluded his speech begun yesterday in opposition to the measure, occupying most of the time devoted by the Senate willing to surrender the principles of the to-day to the bill's consideration. His argument was brilliant and at times eloquent and attracted the careful attention of senashouts of laughter both on the floor and in home she started to run, but Rules and Resolutions-J. E. Chambers, to the recent marriage of Mr. Depew was tucky; A. J. Jordan, Tennessee; S. M. ator in his reference to the love and ad-Roach, Texas; J. M. H. Patterson, Indiana; miration excited in woman by "the youth

testimony of scientific experts who had testified that oleomargarine was a nutri-States Supreme Court holding to the same Cook, Nebraska; George H. Shibley, New effect. Mr. Bailey conceded the right of Congress to enact the proposed bill as a revenue measure, and every senator who supported the measure to raise revenue was entirely within his conscience and his oath of office, but if any senator should vote for it to suppress the oleomargarine industry he would "do violence to his sense of duty and to his obligations of office." He declared that the purpose of the bill was not to raise revenue, and in support of his assertion quoted the statements of the principal proponents of the measure. undertake to say." said he, "that there is not a man in this chamber who either in tends or expects to raise revenue by this He maintained that the proposed bill contained a palpable and even wicked violation of the Constitution in the

tured and sold within a State. CREAMERIES ARRAIGNED. cries and cheese factories of the country, sas-have allied delegations, but they have policy of protection of industries, but this party, and the name of that organization | ble to him. upon a cioth which looked like wool but

to enact the proposed law. Mr. Depew, who followed Mr. Bailey, said he never had heard a speech which had so fired his fancy, so appealed to his imagination and had had so little effect on judgment as that of Mr. Bailey. He had been taught that competition was the life of trade, but competition ought to be nonest. If a merchant deceived his cusomers by foisting on them a fraud he believed that man ought to be reached by aw because every man when he purchased an article had a right to get what he paid for. It was perfectly evident that no industry with a good article could compete successfully with a spurious substitute

Depew, referring to an allusion made by Mr. Bailey, said that the American girl people of the United States. Mr. Bailey, "a recent occurrence in the life not have made the allusion." [Laughter.] Mr. Depew, laughing, as he spoke, "I should have left a younger man to come to the defense of the American girl. It was the senator's youth and beauty [great laughterl which astonished me when he made that remark. If he had been soured and disappointed in love, or if the sex had treated him in some way that would lead meet the senator, no one can see him socially, or in his grave and dignified posi- Texas Acts as Unconstitutional as tion, no one can see his photograph on Pennsylvania avenue without recognizing that his geniality, his happiness, his eloquence have come because the American girl has admired him and loved him. [Long continued laughter.] And he never ought to have gone back on her to-day by saying she is a fraudulent specimen of liv-

ing oleomargarine." [Laughter.] At the conclusion of Mr. Depew's remarks Mr. Bailey and Mr. Spooner became involved in a colloquy as to some legal phases of the bill. "Will the senator from Wisconsin say,

inquired Mr. Bailey, "that the object of this bill is to raise revenue? "I say that the object of this bill is to raise revenue," replied Mr. Spooner, "In other words I say that in the exercise of us, we select this article as an object-of

taxation. "But is it (the raising of revenue) the paramount object?" inquired Mr. Stewart. "It is the primary object," replied Mr.

sisted the Nevada senator. An amusing colloquy then followed between the two senators as to the meaning of the words "paramount" and "primary. Among the bills passed by the Senate today were the following: For the relief of John L. Smithmeyer and Paul J. Pelz. in connection with the plans for the Congressional Library building; providing that sessions of the United States District Court shall be held in Winston, N. C., on the second Monday of July and January of each year; authorizing the White River Railway Company to construct a bridge across the White river in Arkansas; authorizing the appointment of John Russell Bartlett as a rear admiral on the retired list of the navy authorizing the construction of a traffic bridge across the Savannah river from the mainland within the corporate limits of Savannah to Hutchinson's island in Chatham county, Georgia; authorizing the President to issue to A. W. Huntley a certificate of honorable discharge; authorizing the secretary of war to deliver old pieces of ordnance to the Indian war veterans: authorizing the secretary of war to furnish to the mayor of Detroit, Mich., condemned cannon for a statue of the late Maj. Gen. Alexander McComb; to extend the time for presentation of claims to reimburse the Governors of States and Territories for expenses incurred by them in aiding the United States to raise and organize an army in the war with Spain to Jan. 1, 1903.

session and at 5:10 adjourned.

and seventy-one private pension bills.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 2.-Annie L. Tre- | bill. York; Bellmay, of North Carolina; Ryan, | quality cannot be surpassed.

Goldfogle, of New York, spoke for the measure and Messrs. Loud, of California, nd Crumpbacker, of Indiana, against it.

HE RESEMBLES BISMARCK.

Count Matsukata of Japan on a Tour of the United States. ST. PAUL, Minn., April 2.-Count Matsukata, the Japanese statesman and financier,

his countrymen. He attended the wedding of James J. Hill's daughter at noon. Tomorrow the party will go to Chicago. Count Matsukata is accompanied by his two sons, by T. Megata, director of the Taxation Bureau of Japan, and F. Tukai, a E. banker. Several other Japanese are traveling with him. The count is grizzled and rugged looking, much larger and stronger countenance bears a resemblance to that of Bismarck. He is on no special mission in

America, but simply on a tour of observation. From Chicago he will go to Philadelphia and Washington. The party will then spend some days in New York and will sail for England April 22. England, France and Russia will be visited and the trip will be finished overland through Siberia. The count has been in Europe before but not in Mr. Megata, of the count's suite, says

things look especitlly peaceful in the East now. He thinks that the powers have come to an understanding about China and there is no further danger of any trouble. The Anglo-Japanese alliance, he thinks, will make for peace and good feeling.

WANTED TO LYNCH HIM.

Men Searched All Night for a Telephone Girl's Assailant.

CHICAGO, April 2.-Citizens of Lake tors on both sides of the chamber and of View spent last night in a man hunt, with the occupants of the crowded galleries. the intention of wreaking vengeance on a He was followed by Mr. Depew, of New man who had assaulted Margaret Murray, York, in a bright and witty speech in sup- a pretty telephone operator. Miss Murray port of the measure. Mr. Depew matched is confined to her bed suffering from conhis wit with that of Mr. Bailey on the sub- cussion of the brain. She was followed by Shine, Kentucky; Dr. A. J. Cook, Nebras- ject of the American girl, and the sallies a well-dressed young man while walkka; George H. Shibley, New York; J. J. of the two senators were greeted with ing home last night. When near her the galleries. The Texan's keen reference pursuer overtook her and grasped her throat. She tried to scream, but her most happily fenced by the New York sen- assailant smashed her head against the brick wall and she fell unconscious. When she recovered she staggered into a store and gasped out her story. The proprietor secured a rifle, and with a party of uplaints have been made recently. Acording to men who participated in the unt it was the intention to execute the young man in approved vigilante style, despite their metropolitan environment. They returned this morning very much discouraged at being unable to find him.

JUDGE MADE A MISTAKE

'Captain" Streeter's Case Against General Fitzsimmons Dismissed.

of which contained the elements of a farcecountry by G. A. R. men and by members the police. A recent raid on "Streeterville" of his followers were arrested. The "cap-Neill, Henry N. Cooper, Samuel Protine and John Schrickel, all of whom were associated with General Fitzsimmons in the attempt to force Streeter out of the "dis-Justice Everett in dismissing the defendants said he issued the warrants under the mistaken idea that it was one of Streeter's men who had been killed.

KILLED WIFE AND SELF.

Mind Was Inbalanced.

MORLEY, Mich., April 2.-Eugene Richthought to have been temporarily insane. Mrs. Richards had been sick for several of a neighbor and told them he had a presentiment that both himself and wife would die to-day. His actions were strange and the neighbors sent for a physician. Before his arrival, however, Richards had ommitted the double murder. When the tragedy was discovered Richards was kneeling by the bedside of his wife and both of them were shot through the breast. The deed was done with a single-barreled shotgun and Richards was compelled to reload it before he could destroy himself after killing his wife. The couple had always lived happily together.

ANTI-TRUST LAWS INVALID.

Those of Illinois.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 2.-The Court of Civil Appeals has dealt a severe blow to the anti-trust laws of Texas in affirming the case of the State of Texas against the Waters-Pierce Oil Company and the case of the State of Texas against the Shippers' Compress and Warehouse Company. The court held in the case of the Waters-Pierce the same provisions as the Illinois act, by the United States Supreme Court. In | nated thereon by the purchasers. the discretion which the Constitution gives the Shippers' Compress and Warehouse Company case the court held that the act of 1889 is unconstitutional and the case from Illinois is applicable to this case,

Schrieber in Honduras.

NEW YORK, April 2.-William Schrieber. charges of misappropriation of \$128,000 belonging to the Elizabethport Banking Company, by which he was employed as a clerk, is reported to have been heard from in Honduras. According to a letter said to have been received in this city. Schrieber is engaged in raising bananas and shipping them to this city. He says he is doing well and expects eventually to return and repay the bank. He insists, however, that he was short only \$15,000. Schrieber is said to have disclosed his whereabouts through a desire to learn the details of the death of his sweetheart, which occurred in this city several months ago.

"Merger Act" Passed. PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 2.-"The merger act." so-called, which incorporates

United Traction, Providence gas and Nar-

ragansett electric lighting companies, was

passed by the House this afternoon. The Senate will pass on the act to-morrow. In the new concern over \$16,000,000 is involved. Movements of Higginson's Ships. FORT DE FRANCE, Island of Martinique, April 2.-The North Atlantic squadron, under the command of Rear Ad-

miral F. J. Higginson, arrived at Martinique to-day. The Kearsarge, the Olympia and the Indiana anchored here. The

Massachusetts and the Alabama went to Bellamy Storer Resting. CINCINNATI, April 2.-Bellamy Storer, United States minister to Spain, arrived in Cincinnati to-day with his wife, to be at

Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne.

home one month for rest and recuperation.

The Storers are guests of Mrs. Nicholas

Longworth.

INDIANIANS TO CALL ON THE SECRE-TARY OF THE TREASURY.

looking than the average Japanese. His ANXIOUS TO SUCCEED JUDGE J. H. in endeavoring to kill him. BAKER WHEN HE RETIRES.

> Reports on Pure Food Bills-Work of Committees and Miscellaneous Washington News.

WASHINGTON, April 2 .- A delegation of Indiana representatives, headed by Senator Fairbanks and accompanied by Thomas J. Brooks, of Bedford, will call on Secretary Shaw to-morrow to make a formal request that Indiana materials be used so far as is practicable in the construction of the new Indianapolis federal building and that in awarding the contract the department take into consideration this request.

represent Indiana workmanship.

ative was furnished with a copy.

been East, passed through Washington today en route for Madison. He is not urging his candidacy for first assistant post-

The plan of building warships in government yards was considered by the House committee on naval affairs to-day, a large present in support of it. The delegation included James P. O'Connell, president of shipbuilding experts from Norfolk, Brooklyn and other points having government yards. Mr. O'Connell made the main presentation, urging that the government had millions invested in plants which should be used for construction as well as repair warships. When Representative Dayton suggested that Admiral Bowles, chief of the Naval Bureau of Construction, had said that he would not recommend the less the navy yard wages were equalized with that of private yards, Mr. O'Connell have been made seriously, at a time when the tendencies were toward higher wages. He argued that in the interest of the public government construction would be beneficial, and that incidentally the labor interests would be much benefited.

The postmaster general to-day received a communication from the Secretary of War notifying him that on May 28 next Cuba will become a foreign country and that upon the withdrawal of the United Crime of a Michigan Farmer Whose , States therefrom on that date there will be no statute on postal convention under which mail can be transmitted for domestic postage or carried on the existing noney order system between the United States and that island. Secretary Root states that it is desirable, in the interests of the business which already exists and for the promotion of further intercourse between the inhabitants of the two counto the present basis for the conduct of business. He also states that it is fair to presume that the diplomatic representaives of the two countries will, at an early day, address themselves to the framing of a postal convention, similar in general character, perhaps, to that which the United States has with Mexico, but, in the meantime, he suggests that Congress be asked for a continuance of the present basis upon the informal agreement of the postal authorities of the two countries. The postmaster general will immediately take steps

The banking and currency committee of the comprehensive financial measure which standard, provide an elastic currency, equalmade to-day and the work of perfecting

A commission, consisting of three officials from the Postoffice Department and three from the Treasury Department, will subject of the establishment of a postal currency. The present plan is to provide for a small currency to take the place of Oil Company, which was brought under the one and two-dollar bills, which, it is beact of 1889, that it is unconstitutional to re- | lieved, will provide a safer method for the cover penalties and that the law contains transmission of small amounts through the mails, as it is intended that these notes

on manufactures, to-day reported favorably the "pure-food" bill introduced by Senator Hansbrough for "preventing the adulteration, misbranding and imitation of who disappeared in October, 1900, under | foods, beverages, confections, drugs and condiments in the District of Columbia and the Territories and for the regulation of interstate commerce in them." The bill provides for the creation of the division of insular affairs to-day in connection with the foods and drugs in the bureau of chemistry in the Agricultural Department and places that division in charge of the work of inspection, which is provided for by the Senator McCumber submitted an elaborate report on the bill in which it is stated that during the last quarter of a century the growth of commercial frauds and the adulteration in food and dairy products and drugs and liquors have become so alarming that both the State and federal governments have been called upon for legislation to protect the public. It is also stated that, in accordance with this necessity, three-fourths of the States have enacted stringent laws against the sale of the Rhode Island Company, to control the deleterious food products.

The majority and minority reports on the labels, etc., and that uncertainty and confusion will result.

Secretary Root says the report that he will remain in Havana until after the in-

President of Cuba is not true. Accompanied by his wife and other members of his family, he will make a social visit to Governor General Wood, of Havana. The party will leave here on the 17th inst. and will return to this city before the 1st of

Details of the killing of a man named Searles by Postmaster Guyer, of Clayton, N. M., have been received by the postmaster general. In a letter written by the postmaster he claims that Searles came into his office on March 26, about 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and asked for ten cents worth of stamps. The postmaster was standing at the delivery window at the time, and as he reached for the stamps Searles, he says, opened fire on him and Saves a Former Member of the Inemptied his revolver. The postmaster says he immediately picked up a revolver near by and returned the fire, with the result that Searles is dead. The postmaster declares that Searles never said a word to him beyond asking for the stamps and that he is entirely ignorant of his object

The Senate committee on foreign relations to-day had under consideration a proposition for the sale of the Borig palace in Berlin to the United States for the purposes of embassy headquarters in that country. The price asked for the property is \$200,000. The United States does not own building in Berlin, and Ambassador White transmits the offer for sale without matter informally and did not act upon it.

The Postoffice Department has under consideration the question of placing on one of the stamps of the new issue the head of some woman who is connected with the history of the country. No particular person has been decided upon, although there is no doubt that Martha Washington will be the woman so honored. This will be impurities in blood and tissues. the first recognition of woman upon any of | the government securities issued by the

was appointed confidential secretary to the to their credit. postmaster general. It has been underof the lowest of those submitted for the stood for some time that Mr. Rand was an that rescued and saved Mr. Stephenson. Indianapolis public building. The senti- aspirant for the chief clerkship of the Post- While in a perilous condition of health, office Department on the supposition that Providence truly directed Mr. Stephenson the President would accept the place from is that the new building should be composed the classified service. Because of opposi- to make use of Paine's Celery Compound. tion, however, upon the part of the Civil- The first bottle produced a marvelous and service Commission the change was not happy effect; his life blood was being fresh-

Enoch G. Hogate, of Danville, one of the | Secretary Hay and Mr. Raikes, secretary | proved; strength was taking the place of most prominent candidates for the Indiana of the British embassy, to-day signed a | weakness; and the ruddy tinge of health federal district judgeship, which it is as- treaty extending to the British colonies was apparent in the once pale face. Mr. D. sumed will be vacant soon by Judge the provisions of the original treaty be- T. Stephenson, of Pilot Knob, Ind., writes tween the United States and Great Britain | as follows: for the protection of industrial property.

Senator Quarles to-day introduced a bill providing for the ratification of a treaty with the Creek Indians looking to the allotment of lands in severalty.

W. F. Shummel, of New York, and Max Cohen, of Washington, representing insurnce interests, were before the House committee on commerce to-day in advocacy of a bureau of insurance as a part of the pro- by my family since then for general pros-

At a meeting of the board of managers of the national soldiers' homes to-day the following officers were elected: President. Gen. M. T. McMahon, of New York; first vice president, General Pearson, of Pittsburg; second vice president, Col. John L. Mitchell, of Wisconsin; secretary, Maj. George W. Steele, of Indiana.

The President to-day devoted some time to a conference on the subject of irrigation and more particularly to the details of the Mondell, who has the bill in charge in the House. Among those present were Representatives Tongue, Newlands, Tirrell, Sutherland, Mondell and Metcalf. As a result of the conference it is said that it will no be necessary to strike out Section & relat ing to State and Territorial control of the use and distribution of water. The phraseology of the section will be changed, but it is said that this change will not radically alter the section.

The House committee on claims to-day reported favorably a bill appropriating \$282,944 for overtime service of numerous letter carriers whose claims have been allowed in the Court of Claims.

Representative Adams, of Pennsylvania, to-day presented the report of the House the great growth of our commerce since the consular service was organized in 1790, and the present need of a system that will assist in developing United States commerce abroad. The interest of commercial bodies throughout the country is set forth, and an appeal made for an effective and up-to-date usiness system.

At his own request Col. E. Van Arsdale Andruss, artillery corps, has been retired. He is from New Jersey.

A committee of the American Society of Civil Engineers, of which Admiral Melville is chairman, was in session to-day making arrangements for the annual meeting of the society here May 20 next.

The ways and means committee gave changes in the currency and banking laws | hearing to-day on the bill introduced by heretofore urged in separate bills. The Representative Lovering, of Massachusetts, measure is entitled "To maintain the gold to allow drawbacks of customs duties and internal-revenue taxes on articles of docountry and amend the national banking | mestic manufacture intended for exportalaws." Many verbal amendments were tion. The measure is designed to shape our laws along lines already adopted by Germany, France, England and other competing nations. The drawback is to be alowed on ores, metals, hides and leather manufactured for export. Among those heard in support of the measure were Mr. Lovering, the author of the bill; Andrew G. Webster, of Boston, representing the New England Shoe and Leather Association, and John M. Peters, of New York They agreed that the measure would be beneficial to United States commerce and asserted it would not be infinical to any

After consulting Chairman Dalzell, of the special committee to investigate Captain Christmas's charges in connection with the transfer of the Danish West India islands, Secretary Hay has indicated to the committee his intention to appear in person before it as a witness. He probably will go to the Capitol to-morrow.

The provision for the purchase of the friars' lands in the Philippines was under consideration by the House committee on Philippines civil government bill which is nearing completion. The bill provides for acquiring the lands at a fair valuation to be assessed by a board. Thereafter the lands are to be opened to homestead entry under laws somewhat similar to the system in this country. Considerable opposition developed to this section, and the matter was not disposed of finally.

Representative Patterson, of Tennessee, to-day introduced a bill to abolish slavery in the Philippines and to invalidate the freaty between General Bates and the Sultan of the Sulu islands.

Red Cross Delegates. DAVENPORT, Ia., April 2-Information

of Rear Admiral W. K. Van Reypen, Dr. Nicholas Senn, of Chicago, B. F. Tillinghast, editor of the Davenport Democrat, Mrs. J. Ellen Foster and Miss Clara Barton as the American delegates to the seventh international conference of the Red Cross to be held in St. Petersburg, Russia, May 16-29. Mr. Tillinghast was chairman of the lowa committee which dispatched the ship Tynehead, with 7,000,000 pounds of corn and flour, for the relief of the Russian famine sufferers in 1891.

Negro Protected by Militia. EDENTON, N. C., April 2.-A heavy military guard was established over the jail the proposition and provisionally agreed to

The Dregs and After Results of Terrible Grippe Lead to Consumption and Other Fatal Troubles.

Paine's Celery Compound

diana Legislature.

This is the Season to Use the Great Medicine if You Would Banish the Seeds of Disease from the System.

On every hand we see men and women who at this season should be active, hale and strong, losing flesh and weight, looking recommendation. The committee took the pale and languid. We hear them complain of weakness, pain in the chest, backache, and sideache. Their friends note with alarm the pale cheeks and sunken eyes; the color of the skin gives evidence of blood impuri-

Ah! reader, these are all indications that the deadly dregs of grippe have permeated the whole system, distributing poisons and

Act at once with wisdom and decision; you cannot afford to lose precious time experimenting with medicines that have no H. H. Rand, of Milwaukee, Wis., to-day reputation, that have no positive victories

Heaven help you to use the life-saver ened and enriched; his appetite was im-

"Some years ago while serving as a member of the Indiana Legislatuce, I contracted a severe case of grippe, and was run down and completely out of sorts, and found but little relief from any remedy until I tried Paine's Celery Compound. The first bottle did me wonderful and marked good, and its continued use for a short time, restored me to my usual vigor and freshness. Your Paine's Celery Compound has been used posed Department of Commerce and Labor. | tration of the system, with the most gratifying results. Paine's Celery Compound is a great quieter and restorer of the nerves on the nerves and nerve centers has been

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a negro who on last Monday attempted to assault Pearl Perry, a sixteen-year-old girl, at Ryland, N. C. Early afterward escaped, but was caught near Suffolk, Va. Lynching was feared at Ryland and the officers took the negro to Edenton to-day by a roundabout route. Early, who has confessed to the crime with which he is charged, will be tried to-morrow.

Will Stand by Colored Club Women. BOSTON, April 2.—The newspaper women of New England, at a meeting here to-day, took decisive action on the color question, the following resolution being adopted: "Resolved, That the New England Wom-

en's Press Association instruct its delegates to the biennial meeting of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, to be held in Los Angeles, Cal., in May, to consider, in all discussions and legislative acts of the convention, the necessity of maintaining the rights of our colored club women as of paramount importance. To this end they shall vote for reorganization on State lines, according to the Massachusetts plan, if given opportunity, or for the best substitute for this measure approved has been received here of the appointment by the leaders of the State delegation at the time, preserving the unity of the State's vote and influence by concerted ac-

tion with other delegates." Proposed Trust in Sweets.

CINCINNATI, April 2.-The Confectioners' Review, of this city, to-morrow will say: "The candy trust proposition is reach. ing a focus. Statements of the capacity and statistics on the output have been se cured from the manufacturers in Cincinnati as well as in St. Louis, Chicago and other cities of the Middle West. No prices have vet been fixed on any of the plants, but large concerns have looked with favor upon

" The Remedy that Cures a Cold in One Day. E. W. GROVE'S signature on every bear -

in this city to-day to protect Thomas Early, aid in effecting a consolidation.

wella, who was in company with Benjamin Franklin Jones at the time he was sud-

WHO RAVE OVER HIS BEAUTY.

and beauty" of Mr. Bailey.

placing of a tax on the article manufac-Mr. Bailey sharply arraigned the cream- he calls

was not or which resembled silk but was only a high-grade woolen fabric as it was

with which the people were deceived. In the course of his brief speech Mr. had been put in a wrong position before forgot for the moment," interjected of the senator from New York or I should "And but for that occurrence," retorted him to remark about it like that I should understood him. But no one can

"But not the paramount object?" per-

The Senate at 4:55 went into executive Sundry Civil Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, April 2.- The House today passed the sundry civil appropriation This is the eighth of the regular annual supply bills which has passed at this session. Only a few unimportant amendments were attached to it. After it was disposed of debate on the revenue cutter bill was resumed. Messrs. Sulzer, of New | Ask your dealer for it. None superior. Its

Will Advocate Use of Home Materials arrived in St. Paul to-day with a party of for the Public Building to Be Erected in Indianapolis.

G. HOGATE IN WASHINGTON

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Representative Overstreet is urging the secretary of the treasury to give special consideration to the bid of Caldwell & Drake, of Columbus, Ind., which was one ment of many members of the delegation of Indiana materials as far as posisble and

ago. Each Indiana senator and represent-

Nathan Powell, of Madison, who has

to have the matter put in proper shape. the House made much progress to-day on has been framed embodying many proposed ize the rates of interest throughout the

the measure is still in progress. which was declared to be unconstitutional shall be payable only at the place desig-

Senator McCumber, from the committee

Hepburn pure-food bill were presented to the House to-day. The majority report says that the measure represents the views of all persons and associations seeking effective pure-food legislation. The report says the necessity of such legislation is shown by the vast number of adulterations and debasements on the market, most of them being imposed upon poor people The measure, the report adds, is in no sense paternalistic, but merely protective, the same as the laws against counterfeiting and forgery. Mr. Adamson, of Georgia, in a dissenting report, says the founders of the Republic never intended that the Federal government should prescribe menus and codes of table etiquette. He urged that food regulation should be left to the States. Mr. Corliss, of Michigan, also dissents on the ground that the bill gives arbitrary power to fix standards, requires

auguration of Senor Estrada Palma as